

THE MADISONIAN

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NO STREET CARS RUNNING

VIOLENCE FOLLOWS ATTEMPT TO OPEN TROLLEY TRAFFIC IN CINCINNATI.

ARBITRATION BOARD DEMANDED

Traction Company Must Settle the Differences Between Themselves and Workmen, or Pay the Penalty of Franchise Forfeiture—Several Persons Injured.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Cincinnati.—The employees of the Cincinnati Traction Co. went out on strike Friday night. The street car system was completely tied up and no cars were run from Saturday afternoon until Monday. Cincinnatians living on the hill tops and in the suburbs were compelled to walk.

Auto trucks, busses and all kinds of vehicles were pressed into service, but were unable to handle the thousands of people who desired to ride.

The Traction Co. made efforts to get cars going but felt compelled because of demonstrations and interference by crowds to return the cars to the barns. President Schoepf announced that another effort will be made to get the cars started. It is certain that there will be opposition to this move in some form or another.

The organizer of the local union has announced to the men his desire that no violence shall be used, but that peaceful means shall prevail to prevent the cars going out.

A number of conductors and motormen from other cities arrived here to take the places of the strikers. It is regarded as almost certain that if the cars are not going to-day that an application will be made to the Federal Courts for the appointment of a receiver to take charge of the property and conduct it for the benefit of the public.

Mayor and Schoepf Confer.

The Mayor and President Schoepf held a conference at City Hall. There is a story that all was not as pleasant as it might have been between the two gentlemen.

The Mayor claims that there is plenty of police protection for the cars to run while Mr. Schoepf claims he can not operate his property because of the act of violence.

The traction officials were in their offices all day, during which time they considered every phase of the situation, including that of applying to the court for protection, a plan which at this writing appears to be certain of consummation.

Two Cars Are Burned.

The two street cars which had been sent out on the John street line in charge of strikebreakers and deserted at Westwood avenue and Howell, were set afire and one of them practically ruined. The other one was badly damaged by the flames.

The blaze was discovered by Officers Hays and Schaefer, of the Ninth district, who had just left the station house. They immediately hurried to the scene, but before their arrival some one had pulled the alarm. The fire company and the officers arrived on the scene almost simultaneously.

May Apply For a Receiver.

The application for the appointment of a receiver for the Cincinnati Traction Co. is the alternative that the company must face unless it comes to time in treating with its employees.

A night conference was held by the Mayor and officials of the city government for the one side and others of the Street Railway Men's organization.

The labor men put their proposition squarely up to the Mayor and stated that they were most willing to arbitration should be the means to settle the difficulty.

They presented in writing the matters that they deem to be at issue and what they are asking from the traction officials.

After a conference of some little time the Mayor determined to send another ultimatum to the Traction Co. officials.

In this letter comes the statement that the courts will be appealed to and under contingencies that a demand for a receiver will be made.

The Mayor is particularly impressive in that part of his letter which reads: "If your company will not agree to so proceed the city of Cincinnati will be forced to apply to a court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a receiver to operate your property and if necessary for a forfeiture of its franchise."

The mob found on the scene was dispersed at once by the officers. There were many street car conductors and motormen in the crowd.

PHTHISIS CURE HIT

UNITED STATES EXPERTS CAN NOT INDORSE FRIEDMANN'S VACCINE.

GIVES WARNING TO PATIENTS

Physicians Declare Experiments So Far "Do Not Justify Confidence in Remedy Which Has Been Inspired by Widespread Publicity."

Washington, May 12.—In the opinion of the government surgeons who have been investigating the condition of patients that were inoculated by Dr. Frederick F. Friedmann with his tuberculosis vaccine, the observations do not justify that confidence in the remedy which has been inspired by the widespread publicity given the "cure."

This first official conclusion from the tests was announced here Saturday before the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis by Dr. John F. Anderson, director of the government's hygienic laboratory, and Dr. A. M. Stimson, another public health surgeon, who were assigned to observe the progress of the Friedmann patients at Mount Sinai hospital in New York.

"We believe that at the present time," says their report, "we are not in a position to express an opinion based on the conditions under observation. The disease for which the remedy is used is prolonged and is characterized by periods of advancement and retrogression. It is also one in which psychic influences are a powerful factor. Time is therefore necessary to evaluate properly the effect of therapeutic measures. Without presenting in detail the condition of patients under observation, we are in a position to state that the facts thus far observed do not justify that confidence in the remedy which has been inspired by widespread publicity."

"In our opinion harm may have been done by this undue publicity in so far as it has lessened the confidence of tubercular persons in well-recognized methods of treatment or interrupted their use, and we are constrained to advise against any lessening of those well-known measures which not only had effected cures but which have reduced the incidence of the disease."

"In our series of patients, Dr. Friedmann has almost exclusively made use of the intramuscular method alone in pulmonary cases, and a very considerable proportion of them have either developed no considerable infiltrate at all or have suffered from abscess formations. It is evident, therefore, that a very considerable portion of these patients, may expect their treatment at the hand of Dr. Friedmann to extend over a long period."

"Concerning the cultures submitted to us, we may state that a series of experiments is under way. The bacillus has been found to be an acid fast organism having having properties quite different from those of any tubercle bacillus with which we are acquainted."

"We requested Dr. Friedmann to furnish us with a large amount of this material for examination, but this he has declined to do. We can state, however, that living acid fast bacteria are being injected by the intramuscular and intravenous method, although we are ignorant of what medium they are suspended in or what additional substance or substances may be contained in the final mixture."

LIMIT FOR GOTHAM GRAFTERS

Four Former Inspectors to Prison for One Year and Must Pay \$500 Each.

New York, May 10.—Dennis Sweeney, John J. Martha, James E. Hulse and James F. Thompson, former police inspectors convicted of conspiring to obstruct justice and to check graft revelations involving them, were sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary and pay a fine of \$500 each. This is the maximum sentence.

Sheriff Harburger took Sweeney, Martha, Thompson and Hulse to Blackwell's Island to serve their terms.

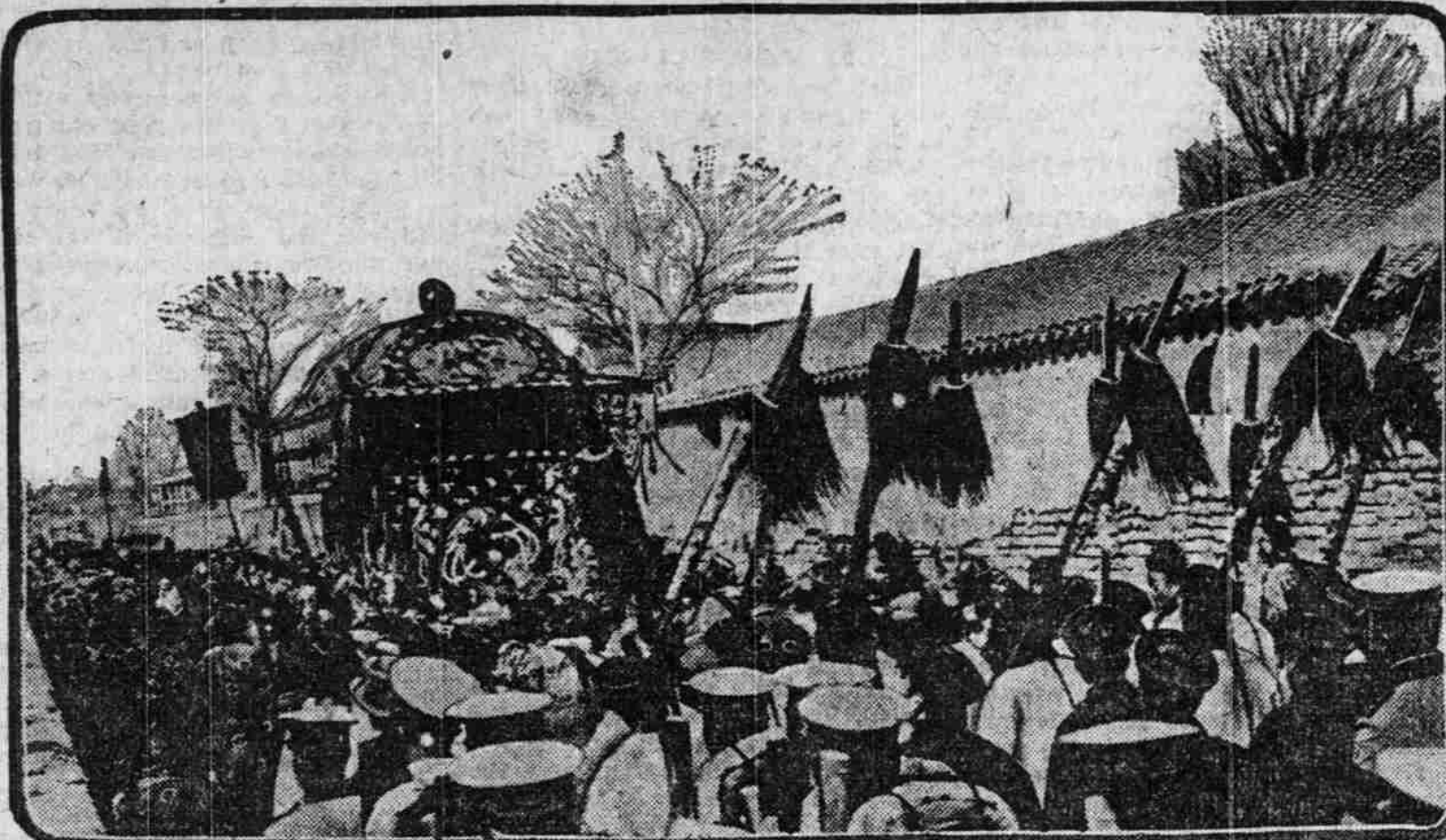
Six Die in Fire on Ship.

Vancouver, B. C., May 10.—Hemmed in by flames, which started from some unknown cause, six members of the crew of the steamer Ophir, which sailed from Vancouver Thursday night and tied up at the Brunswick cannery, Cane Pass, near Ladner, in the Fraser river, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the vessel. There were eleven men in the crew.

Jeers Cause of a Suicide.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 12.—Gibes from acquaintances over his defeat for the office of school commissioner drove Frank Kosmowski to suicide Friday, according to a report submitted to Sheriff Becker by deputies.

FUNERAL OF THE DOWAGER EMPRESS OF CHINA



First photograph from Pekin of the funeral of the dowager empress. The imperial bier (center) containing the body was borne by 128 bearers on its way to the Hankow railway station, from which place it was shipped to the imperial western tomb near Hsi Ling. The bier was richly embroidered with the imperial phoenix and guarded by palace servants bearing the old Manchurian halibands (long poles on right) escorted by infantry of the new republic armed with modern rifles.

FIND BOMB IN CHURCH

SUFFRAGETTES PLACE EXPLOSIVE IN CATHEDRAL.

Verger Removes Infernal Machine After Hearing Ticking Sound Near Altar.

London, May 9.—Swift reprisals came from the militant suffragists following the defeat of the bill giving women the ballot Tuesday in the house of commons.

The "arson squad" and the "bomb squad" were quickly at work. Police precaution had been greatly increased in anticipation of retaliation, but the women plotters were too adroit.

Manifestations of suffragette terrorism Wednesday were: Planting of an infernal machine in St. Paul's cathedral, probably the most cherished building in Great Britain.

Bomb placed in the entrance to a newspaper office in Fleet street. Bomb on the steps of a wholesale drug house.

Burning of a pavilion in the cricket field at Bishop's Park, Fulham, West End of London.

Firing of a vacant house at Finchley, north of London.

Firing of timber-yard at Lambeth. A plot to wreck St. Paul's cathedral by a bomb is attributed to the militant suffragettes. The verger who conducts sight-seers through the massive edifice was making his rounds when he heard a ticking sound near the high altar.

He found hidden a heavy parcel done up in brown paper.

The defeat of the woman suffrage bill in the house of commons is generally attributed by the newspapers to the women themselves—the militant ones, whose lawbreaking tactics alienated the sympathies of suffrage supporters.

IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Weehawken, N. J., May 8.—Flames Tuesday destroyed three floating bridges, ten cars loaded with merchandise and a portion of a pier jutting into the Hudson river, causing a loss of about \$200,000.

Washington, May 8.—The question of whether medical science is getting the best results from the methods now employed in the fight against the great "white plague" will form the keynote of the discussion of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, which convened here today for its ninth annual meeting.

Mexico City, May 9.—The rebels have captured the town of Uxulama, in the state of Vera Cruz. It is reported the revolution in that state is spreading rapidly.

A government loan of 150,000,000 pesos has been obtained from a London syndicate, according to an official statement given out.

Pikeville, Ky., May 6.—Two special deputies were killed and United States Deputy Marshal Mark Potter, of Pikeville, seriously wounded in a battle Sunday with moonshiners on top of Cumberland mountain.

New York, May 10.—The election of C. S. Funk as president of the Rumely company, manufacturers of agricultural implements, was announced by the interests financing that corporation. Mr. Funk was for six years general manager of the International Harvester company.

TARIFF BILL PASSED

DEMOCRATIC MEASURE ADOPTED BY HOUSE BY VOTE OF 281 TO 139.

GOES AT ONCE TO SENATE

Flood of Protests Awaits Its Appearance in Upper Body of Congress—Republicans Will Make Fight for Public Hearing.

Washington, May 10.—The Underwood tariff bill, proclaimed by the Democratic party as the answer to its platform pledge to reduce the tariff downward, was passed by the house Thursday. The vote was 281 to 139, five Democrats voting against the bill and two Republicans voting for it.

Floods of protest from manufacturer, merchant, producer and foreign nations await the bill when it makes its appearance before the senate. The bill will be started upon its stormy way at once. Republican senators will open the fight by demanding public hearings. This will be defeated, but it is the purpose of the Democrats to give full hearings in committee to all classes of objectors.

The tariff bill made record time through the house, but little more than two weeks having passed since it came from the ways and means committee. All amendments except those proposed by the committee were defeated. With the exception of Broussard of Louisiana, no Democratic member of the house proposed changes in the bill.

Republican leaders sought to make political capital for their party just before the final passage of the bill through the house in an effort to bring the Democrats to a record vote on the creation of a tariff commission.

An amendment providing for such a commission was ruled out of order by Speaker Clark. Mr. Mann appealed from the ruling and the speaker was sustained, 274 to 143. Payne's motion to substitute for the wool and cotton schedules of the bill his draft of these schedules was defeated, 296 to 123. With Victor Murdock leading nineteen Progressives voted against the Payne substitutes.

On final passage the Democrats voting against it were Eptopinal, Dupree, Broussard, Watkins, Elder, Morgan, Lazare and Aswell of Louisiana and Charles B. Smith of New York. It received the votes of Kelly and Ruple of Pennsylvania; Bryan of Washington and Nolan of California. Progressives, and Cary and Stafford of Wisconsin, Independent Republicans.

WILSONS GIVE GARDEN PARTY

President, Wife and Daughters Receive Guests Under Giant Oak in White House Grounds.

Washington, May 10.—The 400 flocked to the first of a series of garden parties to be given in the White House grounds by President and Mrs. Woodrow Wilson. The scene was ideally beautiful and the President and Mrs. Wilson, assisted by the Misses Wilson and Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, received their guests under the giant oak just back of the White House.

The celebrated White House punch, which is not made of grape juice and other refreshments, were served at rustic tables stationed here and there throughout the grounds.

ACCUSED AS "AXMAN"

MISSOURI CONVICT BELIEVED TO HAVE SLAIN 25.

Expert McClaughry Has Theory That Henry Lee Moore Was Author of Horrible Murders.

Leavenworth, Kan., May 10.—Twenty-five murders committed in the last three years in Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Iowa and Illinois by means of blows from an ax are ascribed to Henry Lee Moore—serving a life term in the Missouri penitentiary—according to a theory announced Thursday by M. W. McClaughry, special agent of the department of justice, after an exhaustive study of the so-called ax murders.

Mr. McClaughry is a son of Warden McClaughry of the federal penitentiary here, and has charge of the bureau of criminal identification at the prison. Henry Lee Moore went to the penitentiary at Jefferson City after being found guilty of the murder of his mother and grandmother, Mrs. Mary Wilson and Mrs. George Moore, at Columbia, Mo., in December, 1912.

The ax murders ascribed to Moore by McClaughry are:

H. C. Wayne, wife and child; Mrs. A. J. Burnham and two children; Colorado Springs, Colo., September, 1911.

William E. Dawson, wife and daughter, Monmouth, Ill., October, 1911.

William Showman, wife and three children, Ellsworth, Kan., October, 1911.

Rollin Hudson and wife, Paolo, Kan., June, 1911.

J. B. Moore, four children and two girl guests, Villisca, Ia., June, 1912.

Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Moore at Columbia.

HONOR MEMORY OF SCHURZ

Civil War Veterans Dedicate Monument to Their Former Comrade in Arms.

New York, May 10.—Civil war veterans who fought with Carl Schurz took part in the dedication of a memorial monument to him at Morningside drive and One Hundred and Sixteenth street on Saturday. Prominent persons were present and took part in the ceremonies. Joseph H. Choate presided and spoke, and speeches were made by Borough President McAneny, Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, and Congressman Richard Bartholdt. Among some of the veterans who fought with Schurz and who were present at the dedication today were Gen. P. J. Osterhaus, Gen. Horace Porter, Maj. Gen. Grenville M. Dodge, Gen. Adelbert Ames, Gen. James H. Wilson, Gen. J. Grant Wilson and Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles.

MRS. THAW TO "COME BACK"

Wife of Slayer of Stanford White Will Return to the Stage in London.

Plymouth, May 10.—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw has abandoned, temporarily, at least, her ambition to become a sculptress and will return to the stage. She has signed a contract with the Marinelli Agency to tour music halls and vaudeville theaters of England and America. Her salary is given at \$5,000 a week. She will make her first appearance within a few weeks at a London music hall. When seen aboard the Olympic, Mrs. Thaw said that she was going direct to Paris to continue her study of sculpture for a short time and will then go to London.

PLAN FIGHT ON WHITE PLAGUE

JOINT SESSION OF STATE BOARDS OUTLINE CO-OPERATIVE PLAN AGAINST TUBERCULOSIS.

EXHIBIT CAR TO COVER STATE

Many Suggestions Discussed—Tuberculosis Primer Proposed—Nurses to Visit Schools in All Sections of State.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Frankfort, Ky.—At a joint session of the State Board of Health and the State Tuberculosis Commission, in Gov. McCreary's office, a committee was appointed to outline a plan for a co-operative campaign against tuberculosis this year. The committee will meet in Louisville at the call of Dr. J. N. McCormack, secretary of the State Board of Health. The committee is composed of Dr. McCormack, Dr. C. A. Fish, of Frankfort, and Dr. C. Z. Aud, of Cecilian, for the Board of Health and Drs. U. V. Williams and H. S. Keller, of Frankfort; Dr. R. T. Yoe, of Louisville, and Dr. Everett Morris, of Sulphur, for the commission. A committee of the commission reported that the tuberculosis exhibit car had been secured and will be sent over the state this summer.

Educational work mostly was discussed at the conference. One of the plans is the introduction of a tuberculosis primer in the common schools. A project for the future is the employment of nurses to visit the schools in all sections of the state, as is now done in the cities. Roy L. French, secretary of the tuberculosis commission, left for Washington to attend the national conference for the prevention of tuberculosis.

President Names Postmasters.

Included in the president's nominations were the following Kentucky postmasterships: Coney Kitchen Lewis, Grayson, recommended by Representative Fields to succeed John D. Littlejohn, whose term expired December 14, 1912. Sandy P. Cooke, Smith's Grove, recommended by Representative Thomas, to succeed Wm. J. Wade, whose term expired January 14. William G. O'Hara, Williamstown, recommended by Representative Rouse, to succeed John W. Shiels, whose term expired December 14. Morgan Gukendall, Kevit, recommended by Representative Barkley, Robert T. Blagg, Benton, recommended by Representative Barkley.

Local Option Decision.

When John Duff at the request of Bob Sizemore and Will Oliver, drew the quantity of liquor they asked for from a barrel in his house on the Perry county side of the North fork of the Kentucky river into jugs and carried them across the river into Breathitt county where he delivered the goods and collected the price agreed on, the court of appeals held that the deal took place in Perry county and affirmed a verdict in the Perry circuit court of \$100 fine and 30 days in jail. The court said crossing the river was merely a "subterfuge to evade the operation" of the local option law as laid down in Section 2570 of the statutes.

Kentucky Free of Scabies.

By an order issued by the secretary of agriculture the state of Kentucky is released from the quarantine for sheep scab, and the quarantine is continued in the entire states of Texas and New Mexico and portions of Arizona, California, Colorado, Nevada and Utah. Kentucky has been freed of this disease through the joint efforts of federal and state authorities, and progress is being made in the other states.

Levy for Education Limited.

The boards of education in cities of the fourth class in this state can not exceed the levy of 50 cents on the \$100 for taxes in addition to other taxes for sinking fund purposes to conduct he schools and repair and build school buildings. The appellate court so decided in affirming the judgment of the Mason circuit court in the case of the board of education of Maysville against J. Wesley Lee, mayor.

Blow to County Clerks.

County clerks will not profit this year by the law passed by the last general assembly increasing the pay from two cents a line to five cents a line for making up tax recapitulation sheets. Atty. Gen. Logan held it would be in violation of the law prohibiting officials receiving an increase in salary during their term of office.